

# YEMEN ENGLISH MEDIUM PRIMARY SCHOOL

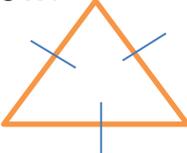
## FOURTH HOLIDAY PACKAGE APRIL - 2020

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### SUBJECT: **MATHEMATICS**

**NAME** \_\_\_\_\_ **STREAM** \_\_\_\_\_ **DATE** \_\_\_\_\_

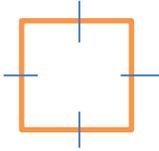
- $418 + 241 =$
- $1000 - 99 =$
- $109 \times 14 =$
- $625 \div 25 =$
- $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{6}{8}$
- $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{4}$
- $39.8 + 1.1 =$
- $46.25 - 22.13 =$
- $2.5 \times 1.5 =$
- Write 2.5 in words.
- Write six point seven in figures.
- Change as mixed fraction.  $\frac{97}{9}$
- Change  $3\frac{2}{3}$  as improper fraction.
- List all odd numbers between 14 and 20
- List all prime numbers between 50 and 59.
- List all even numbers between 21 and 31
- Write D as ordinary number.
- Work out XL – XX and give your answer in ordinary number.
- Find the place value of 9 in 18369.
- Find the total value of 8 in 28976
- Write 35kg in grams.
- List all factors of 8.
- Change 4 hours into minute.
- Find the sum of 178 and 18.
- What should be added to 7893 to make 12641.
- Find the next number in 4,8,12,16, \_\_\_\_\_
- Find the missing number in the box:  
 $14 \times \square = 196.$
- Write 98163 in increasing order.
- Write 1289 in words.
- Which number is both a prime number and an even number?
- List all multiples of 5 less than 55.
- How many line segment does the line below have?  

- How many line segment are in the figure below.  


34. Find the area of the rectangle below.



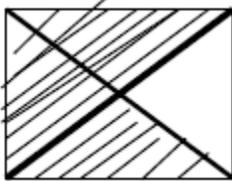
35. What figure is draw below.



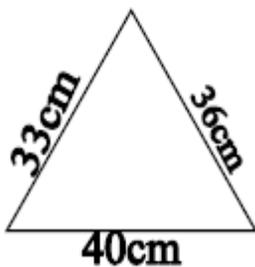
36. Find the perimeter of the figure below.



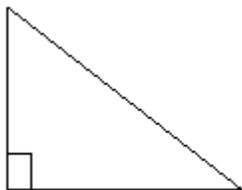
37. What fraction is not shaded.



38. Find the perimeter of the triangle below.



39. What type of triangle is shown below.



40. A circle has \_\_\_\_\_ line of

symmetry.

41. Juma bought a bike at sh 250,000 and later sold it at sh 200,000. How much loss did he make?

42. In the village there are 2430 children 1240 men, and 3000 men. How many people are in the village altogether?

43. If I sell my cow at sh 200,000/= I shall get a loss of 20,000. How much will I sell the cow to get a profit at sh 20,000/=?

44. Find the product of 144 and 100.

45. Find the difference between 99834 and 87936.

46. Four children have the following heights: 120cm, 115cm, 130cm and 125cm. find the their total height?

47. Paul had 99 animals, 33 animals died. How many animals remained?

48. The price of a book is 45,000/= if I got a profit of 12,500/=. How much did I sell the book?

49. In a class of 54 pupils, 35 pupils are girls. How many boys are in the class?

50. Jessica went to the market to buy the following items;

2 books @ sh 300/=

5 pencils @ sh 200/=

6 rubber @ sh 200/=

4 rulers @ sh 200/=

2 pans @ sh 300/=

SUBJECT: **ENGLISH LANGUAGE.**

**NAME** \_\_\_\_\_ **STREAM** \_\_\_\_\_ **DATE** \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION A: GRAMMAR.**

Choose the correct answer and write its letter in space provided.

1. I am \_\_\_\_\_ to them now.

A. listened B. was listening C. listen D. listening E. listens [   ]

2. He \_\_\_\_\_ a great lessons was he was robbed.

A. learns B. had been C. learned D. learning E. get [   ]

3. The children always \_\_\_\_\_

A. plays B. play C. played D. are play E. playing [   ]

4. The door \_\_\_\_\_ by Maria yesterday.

A. opened B. was opened C. is opened D. opens E. open [   ]

5. I was reading while my brother \_\_\_\_\_ evening news.

A. watching B. was watching C. is watching D. were watching E. watches [   ]

6. Sometimes he \_\_\_\_\_ alone.

A. go B. was go C. have gone D. goes E. going [   ]

7. The handset \_\_\_\_\_ him a lot of money.

A. coast B. sold C. buys D. cost E. costed [   ]

8. \_\_\_\_\_ they finishe the work yesterday.

A. have B. has C. had D. were E. are [   ]

9. My child has already \_\_\_\_\_ the milk.

A. drink B. drinks C. drank D. drinking E. drunk [   ]

10. The pupils had \_\_\_\_\_ writing English notes when the rain started.

A. finish B. been finish C. being finished D. finished E. finishes [   ]

11. My friend is good \_\_\_\_\_ English.

A. in B. for C. at D. by E. from [   ]

12. She is very happy \_\_\_\_\_?

A. isn't she B. doesn't she C. does she D. is she E. so she [   ]

13. James has been living here \_\_\_\_\_ 1988.

A. by B. although C. since D. if E. for [   ]

14. Do you have \_\_\_\_\_ problem.

A. any B. many C. much D. some E. little [   ]

15. We wear shoes \_\_\_\_\_ to protect our feet.

A. so B. in order C. because D. for E. as [   ]

16. He likes not only studies \_\_\_\_\_ also cooking.

A. but B. so C. and D. or E. nor [   ]

17. The book \_\_\_\_\_ you wanted is not in the store.

A. which B. whom C. whose D. these E. those [   ]

18. Kalunde used to \_\_\_\_\_ the clothes every Wednesday.

A. washed B. washes C. washing D. wash E. wish [   ]

19. Girls \_\_\_\_\_ chatting to studying.

A. prefer B. is preferring C. has preferred D. prefers E. preferring [     ]

20. Every morning she looks at \_\_\_\_\_ in the mirror.

A. himself B. herself C. themselves D. myself E. yourself [     ]

21. Last week I went to Manyara region \_\_\_\_\_ bus.

A. with B. and C. on D. in E. by [     ]

22. This house belongs to Samuel it is \_\_\_\_\_

A. mine B. Samuel C. him D. his E. hers [     ]

23. My mother bought \_\_\_\_\_ apple yesterday.

A. some B. an C. a lot D. much E. [     ]

24. When the bell ring the pupils \_\_\_\_\_ to their classes.

A. quick B. more quick C. the quick D. quicker E. quickly [     ]

25. This is the \_\_\_\_\_ car.

A. charle's B. Charles' C. Chalences D. Charle is E. Charles [     ]

26. Did Jimy go home early yesterday? \_\_\_\_\_ [     ]

A. no, he did B. yes, he did C. no, he doesn't D. yes, he didn't E. yes, he doesn't

27. That is \_\_\_\_\_ honest man you can lend him money.

A. an B. the such C. an such D. such E. a [     ]

28. My father bought \_\_\_\_\_ a car or a bicycle.

A. neither B. but C. also D. either E. or [     ]

29. He has called \_\_\_\_\_ name and I have replied.

A. her B. his C. my D. their E. theirs [     ]

30. This is \_\_\_\_\_ ewe.

A. an B. a C. it D. some E. much [    ]

### SECTION B: VOCABULARY.

Fill in the gaps left with the most appropriate words.

31. A pedestrian is a person who \_\_\_\_\_

32. They have bought a dozen of plates the word “dozen” means  
\_\_\_\_\_

33. The opposite of the word prince is \_\_\_\_\_

34. A person from Uganda is a \_\_\_\_\_

35. Joseph is **handsome** boy. Which part of speech is handsome? \_\_\_\_\_

36. The daughter to your sister is your \_\_\_\_\_

### SECTION C: COMPOSITION.

Arrange the following sentences in a logical sequence to make a good paragraph using letter A – D.

37. The people were very grateful for his speech \_\_\_\_\_

38. The president arrived at five o'clock in the evening \_\_\_\_\_

39. The crowd rose up to express their respect to him \_\_\_\_\_

40. The president addressed the mass about the development he has brought to the nation \_\_\_\_\_

### SECTION D: COMPREHENSION.

Read the paragraph below then answer to the questions that follow:

Sofia and Mariana are good friends. They always play together after school. Sofia is fifteen years old and Mariana is thirteen years old. They are both from one. Sofia is the best student in her class because she is always the first in all tests and examination. Yesterday the academic master gave Sofia a gift because she did well in the Mock Examinations. She was very happy to get the gift.

### QUESTIONS:

41. Who was very happy to get the gift? \_\_\_\_\_

42. What did the academic master do for Sofia? \_\_\_\_\_

43. What is the name of the best student? \_\_\_\_\_

44. When do the girls play together? \_\_\_\_\_

45. How old is Mariana? \_\_\_\_\_

# SOMO: **KISWAHILI**

**JINA** \_\_\_\_\_ **MKONDO** \_\_\_\_\_ **TRH** \_\_\_\_\_

## **SEHEMU A: SARUFI.**

1. Ng'ombe dume ambaye amehasiwa ili atumike kwenye kilimo huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. fahali B. fahari C. njeku D. maksai [ ]
2. Kuna konsonati ngapi kwenye neno "**chombo**" \_\_\_\_\_  
A. nne B. tatu C. mbili D. sita [ ]
3. Mtu anayefua na kupiga pasi nguo huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. dobi B. mwashi C. mhunzi D. sonara [ ]
4. Katika neno "**ameondoka**" kipi ni kiambishi cha nafsi \_\_\_\_\_  
A. -me- B. A- C. ka D. ondok [ ]
5. Mahali ambapo watu huenda kusoma na kuazima vitabu na majarida huitwa?  
A. mkutubi B. maktaba C. mkataba D. shuleni [ ]
6. Kisawe cha neno jogoo ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. kuku B. jimbi C. mtetea D. fahali [ ]
7. \_\_\_\_\_ Jumapili tulipoenda kununua vibonzo.  
A. itakuwa B. imekuwa C. ilikuwa D. ingekuwa [ ]
8. Alijikata \_\_\_\_\_ wembe wakati anajikata kucha.  
A. na B. kwa C. wa D. cha [ ]
9. **Tulisherehekea pamoja.** Sentensi hii ipo katika nafsi ya ngapi? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. pili wingi B. tatu wingi C. kwanza umoja D. kwanza wingi [ ]
10. **(!)** alama hii huitwa alama ya \_\_\_\_\_  
A. kuuliza B. mshangao C. ritifaa D. kituo kikubwa [ ]
11. \_\_\_\_\_ alikuwa anaumwa, alifanya vizuri katika mtihani wake.  
A. pamoja B. hata hivyo C. ingawa D. kwa hiyo [ ]

12. Kinyume cha neno **uzuri** ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. upole B. ubaya C. mrembo D. uchoyo [ ]
13. Hakuna mwalimu \_\_\_\_\_ aliyefundisha leo.  
A. yoyote B. yeyote C. yote D. wowote [ ]
14. Kama \_\_\_\_\_ kwa kufuata utaalamu angelivuna sana.  
A. angelima B. angalilima C. angelilima D. atavuna [ ]
15. Katika neno "**hawakujiandikisha**" kipi ni kiambishi kikanushi cha wakati uliopita?  
A. ha B. -wa- C. -ku- D. -ji- [ ]

16. Mtoto wa fisi hujulikana kama \_\_\_\_\_  
A. fisi B. bakaya C. kinyemere D. gegeedu [ ]

17. Kitenzi cha nomino fundisho ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. fundo B. fundisha C. mafunzo D. shule [ ]

18. Alipofika nyumbani \_\_\_\_\_ kiu kwa kukosa maji kwa muda mrefu.  
A. aliona B. alipata C. alihisi D. alisikia [ ]

19. Watalii wengi hupenda \_\_\_\_\_ mbuga za wanyama.  
A. kuzuru B. kuzulu C. kudhuru D. kuthuru [ ]

20. Ili tufaulu mtihani huu \_\_\_\_\_ kuongeza umakini kwenye kujibu maswali.  
A. sina budi B. hatuna budi C. ni nudi D. hawana budi [ ]

### **SEHEMU B: LUGHA YA KIFASIHI.**

21. Mwanamke mzee sana huitwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. shaibu B. ajuza C. bibi D. bi mkubwa [ ]

22. Neno "**nadra**" lina maana ipi? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. hafifu B. aghalabu C. mara chache D. mara nyingi [ ]

23. Kujikaza kisabuni ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. kuvumilia hadi mwisho B. kuoga kwa sabuni C. sabuni yenye povu jingi D. kujifananisha na sabuni [ ]

24. "kila mtu humwabudu apitapo" nini jibu la kitendawili hiki?

A. mlango B. mwavuli C. uyoga D. Mungu [ ]

25. Kujipalia mkaa ni \_\_\_\_\_ A. kujiepusha na matatizo B. kujitia matatani  
C. kujiunguza na moto D. kuweka mkaa juu ya mfuniko wa chungu [ ]

26. Neno lipi hukamilisha methali “**ng’ombe halemewi na \_\_\_\_\_**”  
A. Nunduye B. pembe zake C. mkia wake D. kwato zake [ ]

27. Niliwachinjia wanangu ng’ombe, wakala nyama wakapanda mkia ukaota ukawa  
ng’ombe tena. Nini jibu la kitendawili hiki? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. viazi B. ndizi C. muwa D. mgomba [ ]

28. Malizia methali hii “jino la pembe \_\_\_\_\_”  
A. si jino B. husaidia C. si dawa ya pengo D. husaidia kutafuna [ ]

29. Kamilisha methali hii \_\_\_\_\_ ndani kipande cha mti.  
A. u B. uzuri wa mti C. utamu wa kijitu D. gogo la mti [ ]

30. “**Akutendae mtende, usimche akutendaye**” methali hii inatoa funzo gani?  
A. akufanyiaye maovu usimche B. mwovu akukwepa kwa kutenda  
C. muovu akomeshwe kwa adhabu kali D. anayekutenda usilipize kisasi [ ]

**Chagua jibu sahihi kutoka kwenye kisanduku.**

**Salaam, dhumuni, malengo, S.L.P 100, Mara, 8/03/2020, Dismas Athanas,  
Wasalaam.**

Shule ya Upendo

31. \_\_\_\_\_

32. \_\_\_\_\_

18/ 03/ 2020

Kwa John Nkusa.

33. \_\_\_\_\_ nyingi zikufikie popote ulipo ni matumaini yangu kuwa u  
mzima wa afya.

34. \_\_\_\_\_ ya waraka huu ni kutaka kukujulisha kuwa naendelea vizuri na  
masomo na mwezi ujao tutafunga shule kwa ajili ya likizo ya Pasaka.

35. \_\_\_\_\_

36. \_\_\_\_\_

**SEHEMU C: UTUNGAJI.**

**Panga sentensi zifuatazo kwa kufuata mpangilio mzuri kwa kuzipa herufi A, B, C, na D.**

37. Kabla ya kuviondoa likaja jogoo likavisukuma \_\_\_\_\_

38. Nilipomueleza mama hakunikaripia sana \_\_\_\_\_

39. Mara tu baada ya kumaliza kula nikaviosha vyombo vyote na kuviweka juani ili vikauke \_\_\_\_\_

40. Vyombo vya udongo vyote vilivunjika kabisa \_\_\_\_\_

#### **SEHEMU D: USHAIRI**

**Soma shairi hili kisgha jibu maswali yafuatayo.**

*Baba na mama salamu, nyumbani nawatumia*

*Siwezi kupiga simu, nipo mbali na dunia.*

*Bila shaka mwafahamu, jela ninatumikia.*

*Sina wa kumlaumu, niliyataka mwenyewe.*

*Vipi hapa nimefika, bila shaka manajuwa.*

*Nitakaa kwa miaka, gereza likinilea.*

*Tayari nimeshachoka, tabu zinanisumbua.*

*Sina wa kumlaumu, niliyataka mwenyewe.*

#### **MASWALI**

41. Shairi hili lina beti ngapi? \_\_\_\_\_

A. moja B. mbili C. nne D. nane [ ]

42. Andika vina vya kati na vya mwisho vya ubeti wa pili

43. Nini kiswae cha neno gereza kama ilivyotumika kwenye ubeti wa pili

44. Mwandishi wa shairi ameandika shairi hili akiwa wapi \_\_\_\_\_

45. Shairi hili lina mizani mingapi? \_\_\_\_\_

**SUBJECT: SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.**

**NAME** \_\_\_\_\_ **STREAM** \_\_\_\_\_ **DATE** \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE.**

1. Which of the following is not a characteristic of living things? \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]  
A. growth B. reproduction C. crying D. excretion E. movement
  
2. The process whereby plants make their own food is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. osmosis B. photosynthesis C. transpiration D. excretion [ ]
  
3. The small holes found on the leaves are called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. pores B. spiracles C. stomata D. openings [ ]
  
4. Where does fertilization take place in flowers? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. stigma B. style C. sepal D. ovary [ ]
  
5. Animals whose body temperature changes according to their surroundings are?  
A. vertebrate B. cold blood animals C. invertebrates [ ]  
D. warm blooded animals
  
6. A seed with one cotyledon is called a \_\_\_\_\_  
A. monocot B. dicot C. bean D. maize [ ]
  
7. A tiny hole that allows water and air to enter the seed is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. hilum B. micropyle C. testa D. plumule [ ]
  
8. Which of the following is not an insect? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. tsetse fly B. spider C. dragon fly D. mosquito [ ]
  
9. The transfer of pollen grains from the anther to stigma is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. germination B. reproduction C. fertilization D. pollination [ ]
  
10. The gestation period in human beings is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. 9 months B. 9 weeks C. 36 week D. 40 months [ ]
  
11. In second class lever, the \_\_\_\_\_ is at the middle.  
A. fulcrum B. load C. effort D. force [ ]
  
12. All the following are invertebrate animals , EXCEPT? \_\_\_\_\_

A. spider B. grasshopper C. fish D. snail [ ]

13. Echo is the sound that is \_\_\_\_\_

A. absorbed B. bounced back C. heard D. refracted [ ]

14. Malaria is caused by a germ called \_\_\_\_\_

A. plasmodium B. protozoa C. bacteria D. virus [ ]

15. After fertilization, ovules become \_\_\_\_\_

A. fruit B. flower C. seeds D. testa [ ]

16. The type of food produced in chloroplast during photosynthesis is \_\_\_\_\_

A. minerals B. water C. starch D. fat [ ]

17. Fruits and vegetables are important in our diet because they \_\_\_\_\_

A. build our body B. keep our body warm [ ]

C. protect us from diseases D. give us energy

18. The following are cold blooded animals , EXCEPT? \_\_\_\_\_

A. frog B. fish C. snake D. duck [ ]

19. Transportation of food from leaves to different parts of a plant is referred to as?

A. transpiration B. osmosis C. translocation D. diffusion [ ]

20. Rice reproduce through \_\_\_\_\_

A. leaves B. roots C. stem D. seeds [ ]

21. The process of changing steam into water is called \_\_\_\_\_

A. freezing B. evaporation C. condensation D. sublimation [ ]

22. Which gas is required by animals for survival? \_\_\_\_\_

A. oxygen B. nitrogen C. carbonidioxide D. hydrogen [ ]

23. Which of the following types of seeds are self dispersed? \_\_\_\_\_ A. coconut and cotton B. cowpea and pigeon pea [ ]

C. mango and guava D. cowpea and pawpaw

24. Weight is measured in \_\_\_\_\_

- A. kilogram B. Newton C. metres D. watts [ ]

25. Which gas is used by leguminous plants to manufacture proteins? \_\_\_\_\_

- A. carbon B. nitrogen C. carbon dioxide D. oxygen [ ]

26. The reproductive part of a plant is known as the \_\_\_\_\_

- A. roots B. leaves C. stem D. flower [ ]

27.  This symbol represents \_\_\_\_\_

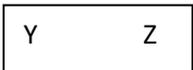
- A. fuse B. socket C. switch D. resistor [ ]

28. The male part of a flower is called \_\_\_\_\_

- A. pistil B. anther C. ovary D. stamen [ ]

29. Identify the pole marked Z below;

- A. North B. South C. East D. West



30. The process of sending information from one person to another is called?

- A. transportation B. radio C. communication D. chatting [ ]

31. Monocot seeds have \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]

- A. netted veins B. tap roots C. fibrous root system D. two cotyledons

32. Which of the following lay eggs with hard shells? \_\_\_\_\_

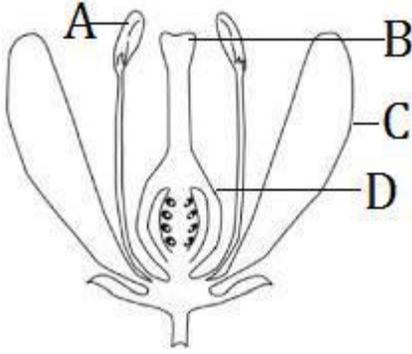
- A. fish and birds B. bird and reptiles [ ]  
C. birds and amphibians D. mammals and reptiles

33. The collection of flowers in a petiole is called \_\_\_\_\_

- A. corolla B. bisexual C. inflorescence D. calyx [ ]

**Study the diagram below and answer the questions that follows;**

34. Which letter represents the petal? \_\_\_\_\_



35. Which letter represents the part that receives male gametes?  
\_\_\_\_\_

36. The period between fertilization and birth is called \_\_\_\_\_

A. hatching B. incubation C. reproduction D. pregnancy [ ]

37. Fertilized eggs of a frog are called \_\_\_\_\_

A. tadpole B. spawn C. ovules D. eggs [ ]

38. The relationship between living things and non-living things in the environment is called \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]

A. ecology B. biology C. food chain D. interdependence

39. \_\_\_\_\_ protects a flower before it blooms.

A. corolla B. peduncle C. receptacle D. calyx [ ]

40. Seeds dispersed by water have \_\_\_\_\_

A. hooks B. thorns C. hair D. air space [ ]

### SECTION B:

**Fill in the blanks with correct answer.**

41. Organisms which are able to manufacture their own food are called  
\_\_\_\_\_

42. Mention two (2) types of seed germination.

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

43. An adult human being has \_\_\_\_\_ teeth.

44. The following are necessary conditions for a seed to germinate. These are warmth, moisture and \_\_\_\_\_

45. Change the temperature of 100°C into 0°F \_\_\_\_\_

**SUBJECT: SOCIAL STUDIES.**

**NAME** \_\_\_\_\_ **STREAM** \_\_\_\_\_ **DATE** \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE.**

1. The following activity degrade the environment EXCEPT? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. afforestation B. tourism C. farming D. overgrazing ( )
  
2. Which form of feudal system based on cattle ownership? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. umwinyi B. Nyarubanja C. Ubugabire D. Kihampa ( )
  
3. Smoke from industries and bush fire causes \_\_\_\_\_  
A. land pollution B. air pollution C. water pollution D. noise pollution ( )
  
4. The skull of early man was discovered at Olduvai Gorge by Dr.Louis Leakey in?  
A. 1969 B. 1949 C. 1959 D. 2019 ( )
  
5. Wind vane is an instrument used to measure \_\_\_\_\_  
A. wind speed B. rainfall C. air pressure D. wind direction ( )
  
6. Makumbusho, Butiama, Kalenga and Bujora all are examples of \_\_\_\_\_  
A. archaeological B. museums C. achieves D. remains ( )
  
7. The following are elements of weather, EXCEPT? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. sunshine B. windy C. soil D. temperature ( )
  
8. Mdundiko is the traditional dance for \_\_\_\_\_ society.  
A. makonde B. Zaramo C. Sambia D. Kurya ( )
  
9. Discharging wastes into water sources cause \_\_\_\_\_ ( )  
A. soil pollution B. land pollution C. water pollution D. industrial activities
  
10. People who studies about culture are known as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. archaeology B. meteorologist C. anthropologist D. climatologist ( )
  
11. The Indian ocean is located in which side of Tanzania? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. west B. North C. East D. South ( )

12. The early man started to eat cooked food during \_\_\_\_\_  
A. late stone age B. middle stone age C. old stone age D. early stone age ( )

13. The smallest planet in the solar system is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Jupiter B. Mercury C. Venus D. Saturn ( )

14. A place where public document are kept is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. museums B. archives C. anthropology D. history ( )

15. Which one of the following is not a water source? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. taps B. rain C. rivers D. lakes ( )

16. The totality way of living is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. social studies B. mono culture C. culture D. customs ( )

17. This map symbol stands for \_\_\_\_\_  
A. bridge B. railway C. water bodies D. springs ( )

18. Sinking of MV Bukoba in lake Victoria occurred in \_\_\_\_\_  
A. 2020 B. 1996 C. 2011 D. 2016 ( )

19. Living environmental components consists of \_\_\_\_\_  
A. soil and plants B. plants and animals  
C. animals and furnitures D. plants, animals and water ( )

20. Chief Mkwawa was a leader of \_\_\_\_\_ society.  
A. Nyamwezi B. Chagga C. Hehe D. Yao ( )

21. Always wind blow from \_\_\_\_\_ A. North to South  
B. West to East C. high pressure to low pressure D. South to North ( )

22. The importance of keeping records of historical events is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. to forget the past B. to remember the past C. to know the future ( )  
D. to forget the future

23. The following are planets, EXCEPT? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. clouds B. Neptune C. Mars D. Earth ( )

24. The dominant tribe in Tabora are the \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Zaramo B. Hehe C. Nyamwezi D. Gogo ( )
25. The process of planting trees in a new land is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. reforestation B. afforestation C. culture D. overgrazing ( )
26. Stone tools in Tanzania were discovered at a place called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Engaruka B. Uvinza C. Ismila D. Mbinga ( )
27. The famous minerals mined at Songosongo are known as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. natural gas B. coal C. tanzanite D. diamond ( )
28. The acceptable way of behaving in a society is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. traditions B. arts C. customs D. culture ( )
29. The removal of the top soil by the running water or wind is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Overgrazing B. mining C. farming D. soil erosion ( )
30. The following are examples of historical sites found in Tanzania, EXCEPT?  
A. Engaruka B. Isimila C. Kaole ruins D. Bujora ( )
31. A part of a dry land which is surrounded by water in all sides is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. ocean B. cape C. island D. peninsula ( )
32. There are \_\_\_\_\_ environmental components.  
A. 4 B. 2 C. 3 D. 8 ( )
33. The Arusha Declaration was declared on \_\_\_\_\_  
A. 9<sup>th</sup> Dec 1961 B. 5<sup>th</sup> Feb 1977 C. 12<sup>th</sup> Jan 1964 D. 5<sup>th</sup> Feb 1967 ( )
34. Which lake is shared by the three East African countries \_\_\_\_\_  
A. lake Nyasa B. lake Volta C. lake Victoria D. lake Tanganyika ( )
35. Political parties which formed CCM in 1977 were \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_  
A. CUF and TANU B. TANU and ASP C. UTP and ASP D. CCM and TANU ( )
36. The movement of people as well as good from one place to another is called?  
A. communication B. navigation C. transportation D. watering ( )

37. What do we remember on 7<sup>th</sup> April every year \_\_\_\_\_  
A. republic day B. death of J.K Nyerere ( )  
C. death of Jomo Kenyatta D. assassination of Sheikh Abeid Aman Karume
38. Cutting trees without replacing the new one is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. afforestation B. forestry C. reforestation D. deforestation ( )
39. The main aim of reintroducing multiparty system in 1992 was \_\_\_\_\_  
A. to disunite Tanzanians B. to strengthen democracy ( )  
C. to practice dictatorial system of administration  
D. to strengthen English language to be spoken all over the country
40. Kinjekitile Ngwale was the organizer of \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Hehe resistance B. Nyamwezi resistance C. Majimaji war D. Abushiri war ( )

## **SECTION B: SHORT ANSWERS.**

41. Who was the first British governor in Tanganyika?

\_\_\_\_\_

42. Tindiga and Hadzabe are societies that still practice a mode of production called

\_\_\_\_\_

43. Day and night is caused by \_\_\_\_\_

44. The capital city of the country marked letter A is called \_\_\_\_\_

45. Which letter indicate lake Tanganyika? \_\_\_\_\_

**SUBJECT: CIVIC AND MORAL EDUCATION.**

**NAME** \_\_\_\_\_ **STREAM** \_\_\_\_\_ **DATE** \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE.**

1. The farmers day is normally celebrated on \_\_\_\_\_  
A. 8<sup>th</sup> august B. 7<sup>th</sup> July C.9<sup>th</sup> December D. 1<sup>st</sup> May [ ]
2. Performing actions that show care for human dignity is known as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. success B. failure C. respect D. behavior [ ]
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is a system of government whereby people have the right to choose their own leaders.  
A. election B. democracy C. good governance D. responsibility [ ]
4. A child whose parents are deceased is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. orphan B. poor C. street child D. refugee [ ]
5. The first stanza of the Tanzania national anthem is a prayer for \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Africa B. president C. Tanzania D. parents [ ]
6. Which of the following outdated traditions and customs can lead to the spread of HIV/AIDS? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. inheritance of widows B. early marriages  
C. superstition D. stigmatization of the disabled [ ]
7. Rivers, lakes, oceans, wells and other are \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Water sources B. Social services C. human basic needs D. waterfalls [ ]
8. The national emblem is also called \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]  
A. national currency B. school emblem C. government symbol D. coat of arms
9. Who is responsible to oversee the discipline of pupils in school? \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]  
A. head teacher B. head prefect C. discipline teacher D. academic teacher
10. Someone who pretends to be good in front of others but he/she is actually not good is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. betrayer B. hypocrite C. citizen D. patriot [ ]
11. Who prepares the school timetable? \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]

A. head prefect B. teacher on duty C. academic teacher D. head teacher

12. A group of people who live together in a particular area is called \_\_\_\_\_

A. community B. family C. tribe D. clan [ ]

13. The head of the pupils' leaders is normally the \_\_\_\_\_

A. head prefect B. head teacher C. monitor D. class teacher [ ]

14. The national language of Tanzania is called \_\_\_\_\_

A. English B. Kiswahili C. French D. Portuguese [ ]

15. Which national symbol is used as a medium of exchange? \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]

A. national flag B. national currency C. national emblem D. state house

16. How many colours does the national anthem of Tanzania have? \_\_\_\_\_

A. Six B. five C. seven D. four [ ]

17. The ability to withstand and fight different challenges in life is called \_\_\_\_\_

A. talent B. problem C. integrity D. resilience [ ]

18. The third president of Tanzania was \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]

A. Jakaya Kikwete B. Benjamin Mkapa C. Mwal. Julius Nyerere D. John Magufuli

19. The following actions show good behavior, except? \_\_\_\_\_

A. respect B. greeting C. lying D. helping [ ]

20. Tanganyika became a republic in \_\_\_\_\_

A. 1961 B. 1962 C. 1992 D. 1964 [ ]

21. The ward councilor is elected by \_\_\_\_\_ [ ]

A. villagers B. parents C. school committee D. People in the ward

22. A place where people go to learn is called \_\_\_\_\_

A. hospital B. classroom C. school D. market [ ]

23. The first president of Zanzibar was \_\_\_\_\_

A. Abeid Aman Karume B. Ali Mohamed Shein C. Mwal. Julius Nyerere D. Aman Abeid Karume [ ]

24. The Tanzania national anthem has \_\_\_\_\_ stanzas.  
A. 2 B. 3 C. 6 D. 4 [ ]
25. The central bank of Tanzania is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. BOT B. NBC C. CRDB D. NMB [ ]
26. The totality of people's way of life is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. traditions B. culture C. customs D. community [ ]
27. The Uhuru Torch represents \_\_\_\_\_  
A. equality B. peace, love and unity C. disunity D. friendship [ ]
28. A designed object that indentifies a school is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. school emblem B. school calendar C. school motto D. school song [ ]
29. Volunteering means \_\_\_\_\_  
A. showing care of human dignity B. helping the special group [ ]  
C. performing activities on your own willingness D. studying very hard
30. \_\_\_\_\_ is the mixture of two languages, that is Bantu and Arabic.  
A. English B. Chinese C. Kiswahili D. French [ ]
31. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a small town situated in a remote area.  
A. village B. street C. city D. municipality [ ]
32. Cocaine, heroin, marijuana and alcohol are examples of \_\_\_\_\_  
A. illegal drugs B. medicine C. legal drugs D. herbs [ ]
33. A group of people who lead or rule a country is known as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Government B. organization C. parliament D. university [ ]
34. The school development activities are also known as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. voluntary activities B. self reliance activities [ ]  
C. school infrastructure D. school environment
35. Boys and men form a \_\_\_\_\_

A. female gender B. male gender C. society D. football team [ ]

36. A person with visual impairment is known as \_\_\_\_\_

A. the blind B. the deaf C. the dumb D. patients [ ]

37. The dressing which are respectful are known as \_\_\_\_\_

A. decent clothes B. lubega C. trousers D. indecent clothes [ ]

38. Which one of the following is not a handcraft work? \_\_\_\_\_

A. basketry B. pottery C. wood carving D. singing [ ]

39. The following are kinds religions, Except \_\_\_\_\_

A. Christianity B. Islam C. Buddhism D. Christmas [ ]

40. The following are traditional clothes, Except \_\_\_\_\_

A. kikoi B. kanzu C. suit D. vitenge [ ]

### **SECTION B: SHORT ANSWERS.**

41. The presidential standard is also called \_\_\_\_\_

42. The ward government has two types of leaders, which are appointed leaders and \_\_\_\_\_

43. The Tanzania's national motto is called \_\_\_\_\_

44. The election of the ward councilor is normally conducted after every \_\_\_\_\_ years.

45. The type of family that consists of father, mother and children is called \_\_\_\_\_