

**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**YEMEN ENGLISH MEDIUM PRIMARY SCHOOL**  
**THIRD HOLIDAY PACKAGE MARCH -2020**  
**SUBJECT: MATHEMATIC HOLIDAY PACKAGE**

1.  $1000 - 909 =$
2.  $432 + 707 =$
3.  $567 + 708 + 57 =$
4.  $6050 - 5755 =$
5.  $76 \times 101 =$
6.  $376 \times 14 =$
7.  $5850 \div 90 =$
8.  $3750 \div 15 =$
9.  $4\frac{2}{3} + 3\frac{1}{3} =$
10.  $7\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} =$
11.  $1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} =$
12.  $1 - \frac{3}{4} =$
13.  $2 - \frac{1}{4} =$
14. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 9650 \\ +12777 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

15.  $83196 - 381$
16. Find the L.C.M of 11 and 22
17. Find the G.C.F of 9 and 18
18. Write down the even number from 50 to 60
19. List all add numbers between 2 and 15
20. Which number is both even and prime?
21. Write in words 77,077
22. Write in figure nine thousand and nine
23. Change 3 hours into minutes
24. Convert  $\frac{1}{4}$  hours into minutes
25. Write  $4\frac{2}{5}$  as an improper fraction
26. Two days = ..... hours
27. Find the next number 24, 20, 16 .....
28. Write 100 in roman numerals
29. Change 45 metre into centimeters
30. How many  $\frac{1}{2}$  are there in 10
31. What is  $\frac{1}{9}$  of 108?
32. Which is bigger between 1 and  $\frac{1}{4}$ ?
33. Find the value of T;  $2000 - T = 1500$
34. Name the given figure
35. Write the place value of 3 in 43499
36. 
$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Tsh } 23500 \\ + \text{Tsh } 3400 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

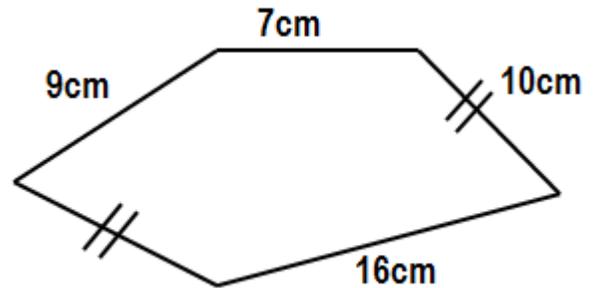
37. 

Hrs	Min
7	56
+ 6	45

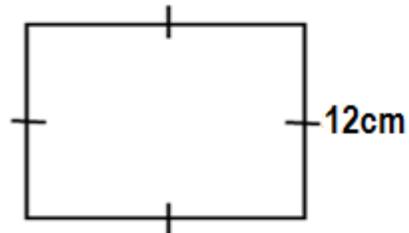
38. Measure the length of the rectangle below by using a ruler



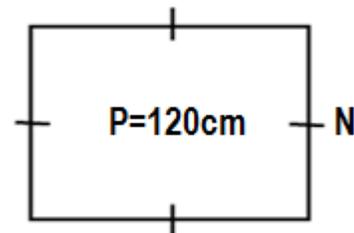
39. Find the perimeter



40. Calculate the area



41. Find value of side N



42. From the largest number that will be formed by four given digits below 3,8,0,9
43. Write down the common factors of 10 and 30
44. Find the product of 9 and 108
45. Change 38000m into km
46. Write XXXVIII as an Arabic numeral
47. Find the value of "a"
 
$$\begin{array}{r} 534a \\ + 2917 \\ \hline 8266 \end{array}$$

48. What is the value of X?

49.  $5a + 12a + 3a =$

50. Name the figure below



**ANSWER SHEET**

1		11		21		31		41	
2		12		22		32		42	
3		13		23		33		43	
4		14		24		34		44	
5		15		25		35		45	
6		16		26		36		46	
7		17		27		37		47	
8		18		28		38		48	
9		19		29		39		49	
10		20		30		40		50	

**YEMEN ENGLISH MEDIUM PRIMARY SCHOOL**  
**THIRD HOLIDAY PACKAGE MARCH -2020**  
**SUBJECT: ENGLISH HOLIDAY PACKAGE**

**SECTION A: Choose the correct answer.**

1. I do not.....him.      A. knew      B. knows      C. known      D. know      [      ]
2. Have you.....your swimming costumes?      A. carrying      B. carry      C. carried      D. carries      [      ]
3. Did she.....what she was looking for?      A. found      B. find      C. finds      D. finding      [      ]
4. Duncan.....leave for Japan tomorrow.      A. shall      B. is      C. will      D. has      [      ]
5. The babies.....for milk every evening.      A. cried      B. cry      C. cries      D. crying      [      ]
6. The woman.....to the market every Saturday.      A. went      B. goes      C. go      D. gone      [      ]
7. Julius is the.....player in the team.      A. good      B. better      C. gooder      D. best      [      ]
8. Antoninah doesn't talk to people. She is as proud as.....  
A. a giraffe      B. a peacock      C. a baby      D. a kitten      [      ]
9. Cynthia's mother is a waitress. She works in a..... A. hospital      B. court      C. hotel      D. supermarket [      ]
10. I saw.....of sheep in Mr. Kimotu's garden.      A. a group      B. a herd      C. a flock      D. a pride      [      ]
11. Has the child.....the milk?      A. drank      B. drink      C. drunk      D. drinking      [      ]
12. He was crossing the road, when I.....him.      A. spotted      B. spotting      C. spots      D. spotted      [      ]
13. His neighbour's child died.....Leukemia.      A. from      B. with      C. of      D. by      [      ]
14. She.....to school anytime she is late.      A. ran      B. runs      C. run      D. running      [      ]
15. She.....come here regularly.      A. do not      B. is not      C. does not      D. was not      [      ]
16. I did not.....to the party.      A. went      B. go      C. gone      D. goes      [      ]
17. The thief jumped.....the fence and took away with all my money.  
A. through      B. on      C. over      D. by      [      ]
18. The president.....fly to Lake Manyara next Saturday.      A. shall      B. is      C. will      D. has      [      ]
19. The naughty pupil was.....by the teacher.      A. punished      B. punishing      C. punishes      D. punish      [      ]
20. ....we go to town in the evening?      A. Will      B. Are      C. Have      D. Shall      [      ]
21. Can they.....football?      A. played      B. plays      C. play      D. playing      [      ]
22. Have they.....their school fees?      A. paying      B. payed      C. pay      D. paid      [      ]
23. The four boys normally.....noise whenever there is no teacher in class.  
A. made      B. make      C. makes      D. making      [      ]
24. I have never heard of such an interesting story! Interesting is.....  
A. an adverb      B. a noun      C. an adjective      D. a preposition      [      ]
25. The similar word for small is.....      A. huge      B. big      C. tiny      D. large      [      ]
26. Hiss is to snake as.....is to dogs.      A. barks      B. barking      C. neigh      D. bark [      ]
27. Obadiah has been looking for.....school bag and he cannot spot it anywhere.  
A. her      B. their      C. his      D. my      [      ]
28. Your school bag is similar.....mine.      A. with      B. like      C. to      D. as      [      ]
29. The exit is closed but the.....is opened.      A. main door      B. entrance      C. exist      D. entering [      ]
30. Bull is to cow as.....is to bitch.      A. puppy      B. ram      C. dog      D. fox      [      ]

31. Herman is the.....among his brothers. A. eldest B. oldest C. elder D. younger [ ]
32. Be.....on how you walk or else you slip and hurt yourself.  
A. carefully B. careless C. carefull D. careful [ ]
33. In five years time, standard five pupils.....in form three.  
A. were B. have been C. will be D. shall be [ ]
34. Stacy is very.....She cannot speak in front of people. A. bold B. rude C. shy D. beautiful [ ]
35. The.....washrooms are very dirty. A. boys's B. boy's C. boys' D. boys [ ]
36. Assumptah is afraid.....insects. A. from B. with C. of D. on [ ]
37. A person who looks after sick people in a hospital is known as.....  
A. a doctor B. a nurse C. an optician D. a technician [ ]
38. ....elephants are believed to be the biggest animals in the world. A. An B. Some C. The D. A [ ]
39. The pupils have not yet.....the assignment. A. finish B. finished C. finishing D. finishes [ ]
40. Does your younger brother.....at night? A. cries B. cry C. cried D. crying [ ]

**SECTION B. COMPREHENSION: Read the short passage below carefully and then answer question 41 to 45**

Four friends were sitting at the bus station. They were very excited and talked very loudly. They didn't care whether other people who were around were listening to them or not. After about two hours, the bus left. The bus conductor had announced several times that the bus was about to leave. Since these friends were busy talking, they didn't even hear him make the announcements. The bus left them behind. Suddenly they noticed that the bus was leaving. They all ran to board it but it was too late. The passengers on the bus kept waving at them as the bus disappeared. When they turned back, they saw a group of people laughing at them and were really ashamed. They didn't know what to do.

**Questions**

41. According to the passage you have read, how many friends were sitting at the bus station?.....  
.....
42. The ..... had announced severally that the bus was about to leave.
43. The four friends were ..... and .....
44. Who kept waving at the ashamed friends? .....
45. The bus left the station .....

### THIRD HOLIDAY PACKAGE MARCH -2020

### SUBJECT: SCIENCE HOLIDAY PACKAGE

#### SECTION A: Write the correct choice in the bracket.

1. Lack of proteins in the body causes .....A. marasmus B. kwashiorkor C. rickets D. beriberi [ ]
2. A symbol which represents a cell is ..... A.  B.  C.  D.  [ ]
3. An .....is used to remove creases from clothes.  
A. electric socket B. iron board C. iron box D. match box [ ]
4. Liquid and gases are made up of small units called .....A. molecules B. particles C. germs D. cells [ ]
5. One of the following is a source of heat energy. A. conduction B. water C. friction D. trees [ ]
6. Essential needs of a human being are:.....  
A. food, sports and shelter  
B. shelter, food and clothes C. clothes, food and education D. house, car and money [ ]
7. Which of the following is not an egg laying animal? ..... A. bat B. ostrich C. crocodile D. snake [ ]
8. The moving air is known as ..... A. thunder B. storm C. echo D. wind [ ]
9. The studio walls are lined with soft materials in order to.....  
A. prevent echo B. keep them warm C. decorate the studio D. prevent dust [ ]
10. When a strongly heated bar of iron is cooled down it .....  
A. expands B. change name C. contracts D. get lost [ ]
11. An instrument used to measure daily temperature is .....  
A. anemometer B. wind vane C. barometer D. thermometer [ ]
12. Saucepan handles are made from wood or plastics because .....  
A. they are cheap B. they are light C. they are bad conductor of heat D. they are attractive [ ]
13. Three things essential for seed germination are .....  
A. air, moderate heat and water  
B. water, air and light C. water, air and light D. soil, water and air [ ]
14. In the process of photosynthesis plants use .....gas.  
A. carbon dioxide B. nitrogen C. oxygen D. hydrogen [ ]
15. The female parts of a flower are collectively known as ....A. stamen B. stigma C. anther D. pistil [ ]
16. In writing a scientific report ....is the first step. A. conclusion B. title C. steps D. materials [ ]
17. Body building foods are also known as .....A. vitamins B. carbohydrates C. proteins D. minerals [ ]
18. When making a solution of water and salt. Salt is used as .....  
A. solution B. solvent C. solute D. taster [ ]
19. Transmission of heat through a copper wire is by .....  
A. convection B. conduction C. radiation D. evaporation [ ]
20. Which of the following list of foods strengthens body immunity? A. fruits, vegetables and fish  
B. soda, juice, and fruits C. vegetables, potatoes and cake D. milk, rice and fruits [ ]
21. The action of the germs to enter the body and cause diseases is called .....A. immunity B. spread  
C. infection D. disease [ ]
22. ....is common in areas where there is shortage of water.  
A. gonorrhoea B. Chlamydia C. syphilis D. trachoma [ ]
23. Malaria is spread by ...mosquito. A. male anopheles B. female plasmodium C. female anopheles D. female culex [ ]
24. Some of the accidents and disasters that occur due to natural forces include: ... A. Heavy rainfall, electricity, hurricane  
B. lightning, hurricane, heavy rainfall C. Electricity, bridges, hurricane D. machines, floods, trees [ ]
25. Animals feeding on meat only have ...  
A. long and sharp horns B. wide and short tail  
C. sharp teeth and sharp nails D. sharp horns and sharp teeth [ ]
26. Which of the following types of clothes does originate from living things? ...  
A. Nylon B. silk C. cotton D. wool [ ]
27. Which of the following is not a natural source of light ... A. sun B. lightning C. stars D. fire [ ]
28. The coloured part of a flower is called ..... A. petal B. sepal C. stalk D. Stigma [ ]
29. Among the following groups of foods which one strengthens our teeth and bones? ...  
A. carbohydrates B. proteins C. minerals D. vitamins [ ]
30. Symptoms of malaria include: ...  
A. Coughing and high fever B. shivering and swelling of legs  
C. vomiting and loss of weight D. body tiredness and high fever [ ]
31. What is the difference between animals and plants? ... A. plants make their own food while animals cannot B. animals can move while plants cannot move C. animals make their own food while plants cannot D. plant use carbon dioxide in breathing while animals use oxygen [ ]
32. Large portion of our bodies contains.....A. bones B. muscles C. water D. blood [ ]

33. We should avoid eating food which cause teeth decay examples of such food are:- A. meat, fish and sweets  
B. beans and vegetables C. sweets, oranges and milk D. sweets, cakes and biscuits [ ]
34. The following are the steps followed when giving first aid to a fainted person. Which one is the first step? A. Loosen any tight clothes from the victim. B. Support the victim when she/he wakes up. C. Remove the victim from the source of danger.  
D. Lay the victim with his/her feet raised up to allow blood flow to the head. [ ]
35. Patients of HIV/AIDS should eat foods rich in protein in order to..... A. give them hope  
B. give them energy C. build body cells D. strengthen body immunity [ ]
36. What type of electricity does a bicycle dynamo produce?..... A. alternating current  
B. alternating and direct C. direct current D. magnetic current [ ]
37. Bathing in ponds and stagnant water we can get the following contracting disease.....  
A. Dysentery B. Bilharzias C. Typhoid D. Rickets [ ]
38. Living organisms respond to stimulus (environmental changes) by means of .....  
A. Water B. Air C. Sensory organs D. Soil [ ]
39. What happens when a light ray falls on the plane mirror it is.....  
A. Refracted B. Blocked C. Reflected D. Absorbed [ ]
40. A communicating tool which receives and transmit audio signals only is.....  
A. Radio B. TV C. Computer D. Phone [ ]

**SECTION B: Fill in the blanks with the correct answers.**

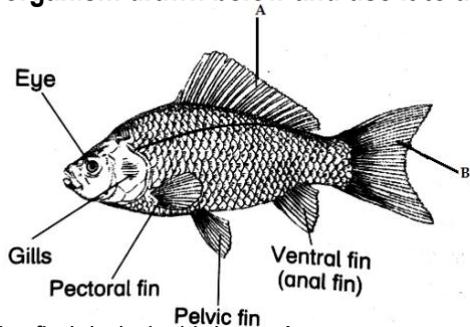
41. Give two examples of egg-laying mammals:

- i. ....  
ii. ....  
iii. ....

42. Mention two animals that spend part of their life in water and later spend their part of life on land:-

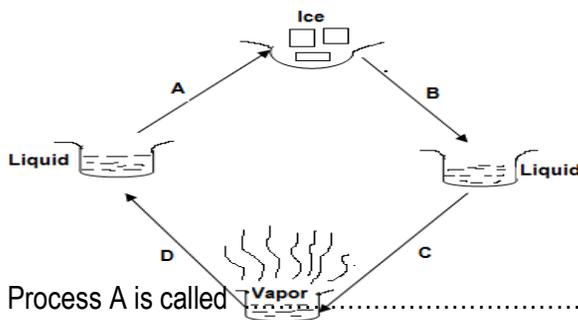
- i. ....  
ii. ....

43. Study the organism drawn below and use it to answer the question i and ii.



- i) Name the fin labeled with letter A .....
- ii) The organism above belongs to a group of vertebrates known as.....
44. i) Chemicals which help in digestion of food are called.....  
ii) Another name for the food pipe is.....

45. Use the illustration below to answer question i and ii.



- i). Process A is called .....
- ii). Process D is called .....

## SUBJECT: SOSIAL STUDIES HOLIDAY PACKAGE

### Choose the correct answer

1. Who were the early traders to visit the coast of Tanganyika?  
A. European traders    B. Americans    C. Asian traders    D. African traders    [    ]
2. The main reason for the development of coastal town of East Africa was .....  
A. fishing    B. trade contacts    C. agriculture    D. good climate    [    ]
3. Which religion was introduced by Asian traders along the coast of East Africa .....  
A. Buddhism    B. Christianity    C. Islam    D. Jihadism    [    ]
4. Traders from the Asian continent were able to sail through the Indian ocean to East Africa with the help of .....  
A. monsoon winds    B. mangrove winds    C. mangrove trees    D. modern ships    [    ]
5. The intermarriages between Asian traders and African traders resulted into the birth of .....  
A. Indian culture    B. Swahili culture    C. European culture    D. African culture    [    ]
6. Some of the cities that developed as a result of trade contacts between Asian traders and African traders were.....  
A. Pemba, Morogoro and Lamu    B. Mombasa, Mafia and Kilwa    C. Manda, Ruvuma and Songea    D. Kilwa, Mombasa and Arusha    [    ]
7. Which crops were introduced by Asian traders on the coast of East Africa.....  
A. cloves and rice    B. cassava and orange    C. coconut and groundnuts    D. yams and cloves    [    ]
8. Which of the following show commodities that were obtained (got) from Tanganyika to Asia?  
A. clothes and guns    B. ivory and slaves    C. vessels and clothes    D. bangles and minerals    [    ]
9. The Bantu people are easily identified in Africa because of their common.....  
A. food    B. housing styles    C. language    D. way of dressing    [    ]
10. Cultivation on mountain slopes leads to .....  
A. soil creation    B. soil erosion    C. increase agriculture    D. modern agriculture    [    ]
11. .... are sum of total of all things surrounding a living organism in his life.  
A. Water    B. Basic needs    C. Air    D. Environment    [    ]
12. National parks, game reserves, cultural sites of Tanzania directly leads to the development of .....  
A. agriculture sector    B. tourism sector    C. mining sector    D. education sector    [    ]
13. Industries are important to the economic development of our country because .....  
A. they pollute our environment    B. people get jobs    C. they lead to soil erosion    D.    [    ]
14. Air pollution in our environment is highly caused by.....  
A. drinking of alcohol    B. tourists who visit our country    C. cultivating on steep slopes    D. smoke from industries and cars    [    ]
15. The Bantu people migrated into different parts of Africa due to the following reasons except ....  
A. love for adventure    B. internal conflicts    C. population increase    D. need for very fast transport    [    ]
16. Which mineral was mined from Katanga in DRC Congo During interaction? .....  
A. gold    B. salt    C. copper    D. diamond    [    ]
17. The popularity (fame) of Meroe king down in Sudan was due to .....  
A. cave paintings    B. iron smelting    C. slave trade    D. salt mining    [    ]
18. During interaction among Africa societies, the medium of exchange was .....  
A. use of money    B. use of currencies    C. barter trade    D. money and barter trade    [    ]
19. How many trade routes were used during trade interaction between African societies and Tanzania societies .....  
A. four    B. five    C. two    D. three    [    ]
20. Which trade route was used by the samba, chagga and pare?  
A. northern route    B. central route    C. southern route    D. western route    [    ]
21. Which water body facilitated (Helped) trade contacts among the people of the cost of east Africa  
A. Lake Nyasu    B. lake Albert    C. lake Victoria    D. India ocean    [    ]
22. Which type of animals eat all types of food in our environment.  
A. Carnivores    B. Decomposes    C. Visitures    D. Ominivores    [    ]

23. One of the advantages (good things) of decomposition is ..... A. it helps to recycle soil nutrition  
 B. it kills soil nutrients C. it causes soil degradation D. it leads to pollination [ ]
24. Which of the following sentences is true about barter trade  
 A. it involved the use of money B. Goods were exchanged for money  
 C. Goods were exchanged for goods D. Goods were exchanged for iron tools only [ ]
25. Which product did African societies make from tree barks during introduction  
 A. iron tools B. salt C. Clothes D. Animals hides [ ]
26. .... was one of the negative effects of the bantu's migration and settlement in east Africa.  
 A. Need for fertile land B. Love for adventure C. Death of people D. Need for water and pasture [ ]
27. Who were the first foreign traders to have trade contracts with the people of East Africa  
 A. Portuguese B. British traders C. French traders D. Asian traders. [ ]
28. Both the Nyamwezi and Sukuma of Tanzania were famous producers of ..... during trade information  
 A. Iron tools B. Millet and sorghum C. Cotton and sunflower D. Groundnuts and peas. [ ]
29. Which water body did the traders from Asia cross over before reaching East Africa  
 A. lake Victoria B. Lake Nyasa C. Indian ocean D. Kagera [ ]
30. Monsoon winds are also known as .....  
 A. strong winds B. Trade winds C. Weak winds D. Arabic winds [ ]
31. Which goods were brought by Asian Traders? A. Glass vessels and weapons B. Leopard skins and tortoise shells  
 C. horns and glass vessels D. Cowrie shells [ ]
32. Which reason explain the causes of environmental degradation? A. increase of natural resource B. Increase  
 of smoke from cars and vehicles C. Afforestation D. Good disposal of wastes [ ]
33. We can fight environmental degradation in our region by ..... A. Cutting down all trees B. by building more  
 industries in very home C. By dumping wastes in water sources D. by dumping wastes in bins. [ ]
34. It is very easy to identify Bantu speaking people because of ..... A. the common houses  
 B. Their building styles C. their common and related language D. Cruel traditions [ ]
35. The major components found in our environment are ..... A. living things and insects B. plants and  
 animals C. mountains and valleys D. Non living things and chairs [ ]
36. Which animals among the following are used as means of transport?  
 A. Camels and horses B. Donkeys and goat C. Camels and buggaloes D. Elephant and lion [ ]
37. People who live around national parks and game reserves will be engaged in an economic activity of  
 ..... A. fishing B. tourism C. trade D. agriculture [ ]
38. The fastest means of transportation among the following is .....  
 A. Animal transport B. Water transport C. Land transport D. Air transport [ ]
39. The relationship of between two different species is that depend on each other is s.....  
 A. A creation B. Symbiosis C. Commensalism D. Food chain [ ]
40. Which of the following will happen if we continue to cut our trees without replacing them? A. We shall get a lot of  
 rain B. We shall get more tourists C. The rain received will reduce D. We shall get a lot of rain [ ]

**Short answers**

41. What is interaction? .....
42. Things that are produced by nature to be used by people are called .....
43. Which religion was introduced in East Africa as a result of interaction with Asian traders .....
44. The mineral that was mined at Uvinza used to add flavor in the food is .....
45. On which side of Tanzania is the Indian Ocean? .....

**Choose the correct answer.**

1. ....is a person who loves his/her country.  
A patriot                      B. a lover                      C. patriotism                      D. socialist                      [       ]
2. A piece of cloth that represents a nation is called a.....  
A. currency                      B. flag                      C. language                      D. emblem                      [       ]
3. Taking care of oneself involves .....  
A. playing in dirty environment                      B. not using mosquito nets when sleeping  
C. avoiding things that endanger his or her health                      D. engaging in drug abuse                      [       ]
4. Culture means ..... A. people's skin colour                      B. people's physical appearance  
C. their language                      D. the way of life of the people of a particular place                      [       ]
5. On which date does Tanzania celebrate the Union of Tanganyika and Zanzibar?  
A. December 25                      B. Nyerere day                      C. Karume day                      D. April 26                      [       ]
6. The first president of Tanganyika was .....  
A. Mwalimu Julius Nyerere                      B. Rashid Kawawa                      C. John Okello                      D. Abeid Karume                      [       ]
7. Our school is found in ....region. A. Kigoma                      B. Dodoma                      C. Mwanza                      D. Dar es salaam                      [       ]
8. The use of polite language when talking to others is among the things that show.....  
A. one's selfishness                      B. love towards others                      C. love of oneself                      D. love to the animals                      [       ]
9. To be honest means.....                      A. telling the truth                      B. playing too much  
C. studying hard                      D. waking up early in the morning                      [       ]
10. The Tanzania National song is sung in which language?  
A. French                      B. English                      C. Kiswahili                      D. English and Kiswahili                      [       ]
11. Drug abuse leads to .....  
A. soil erosion                      B. pollution                      C. destruction of environment                      D. mental disability                      [       ]
12. An example of a National symbol is .....  
A. mountains                      B. oceans                      C. vegetation                      D. national flag                      [       ]
13. Good morals help a person to be helpful and .....  
A. un acceptable                      B. respectful                      C. disobedient                      D. unliked                      [       ]
14. A .....is a community of people who live in a free country.  
A. district                      B. region                      C. village                      D. nation                      [       ]
15. Children who have no parents are called .....  
A. elder                      B. friends                      C. pupils                      D. orphans                      [       ]
16. Greeting others is a sign of ..... A. respect                      B. cruelty                      C. hatred                      D. bad behavior                      [       ]
17. A group of families who are related to each other is called .....  
A. family                      B. parents                      C. villages                      D. clan                      [       ]
18. A good father is the one .....  
A. who drinks alcohol everyday                      B. who punish the mother everyday  
C. who hates family members                      D. who takes care of the needs of the family                      [       ]
19. Examples of cash crops are ..... A. cassava, beans and sisal  
B. rice, maize and cloves                      C. fruits, millet and cotton                      D. cloves, cotton and sisal                      [       ]
20. Which of the following is a reason for communication? A. spreading information  
B. building good relationship                      C. solving problems                      D. spreading rumours                      [       ]
21. What is environment?  
A. things we eat                      B. our body                      C. all things around us                      D. grasses and (trees) plants                      [       ]
22. The village/street executive officer is elected by ..... A. members of the village  
B. defence and security committee                      C. social services committee                      D. village council [       ]
23. Which one of the following is a national symbol .....  
A. mountain                      B. rivers                      C. our boundaries                      D. people                      [       ]
24. Our national language is .....  
A. English                      B. Kiswahili                      C. Sukuma                      D. Chagga                      [       ]
25. To respect other people's culture brings .....  
A. unity                      B. love                      C. peace                      D. all of the above [       ]
26. When was the revolution day of Zanzibar?  
A. 1963                      B. 1975                      C. 2018                      D. 1964                      [       ]
27. What is your obligation as a pupil? A. to take care of my young ones  
B. to pay school fees                      C. to respect one another                      D. to be rude                      [       ]
28. To obey the school rule is to every .....

- A. pupil                      B. teacher                      C. parent                      D. doctor [     ]
29. What can you do to improve your moral standards?  
 A. to steal other people's properties                      B. gathering and maintain unity, peace and love  
 C. to destroy our environment                      D. all the above answers are correct [     ]
30. Which one of the following national flag colour represent our natural vegetation?  
 A. black                      B. yellow                      C. green                      D. white [     ]
31. The tradition dress of the Masaai is .....A. khanze                      B. Lubega                      C. baibui                      D. kitenge [     ]
32. Which animal is found on the 5000 shilling note of Tanzania? .....  
 A. Rhino                      B. Elephant                      C. Lion                      D. Girraffe [     ]
33. One of the ways to fight off bad manners in our school is by .....  
 A. being organized                      B. being selfish                      C. being self disciplined                      D. being rude [     ]
34. The responsibility of providing children with basic needs is in the hands of .....  
 A. their relatives                      B. their friends                      C. their neighbours                      D. their parents or guardians [     ]
35. An example of a bad practice in Tanzania societies is .....  
 A. eating traditional foods                      B. female circumscion                      C. traditional dance                      D. pulting on tradition dress [     ]
36. Goals are also known as ..... A. targets                      B. success                      C. plans                      D. challenged [     ]
37. Something that someone should do is called ... A. right                      B. norm                      C. duty                      C. responsibility [     ]
38. Some of the basic needs of any person are .....  
 A. shelter and food                      B. transport and work                      C. medicine and education                      D. food and water [     ]
39. One of the advantages of co operation is .....  
 A. wasting of time                      B. simplifying work                      C. increase conflicts                      D. to discourage [     ]
40. The responsibility of a student leader at school is .....  
 A. to mark exams                      B. to help the teachers in punishing learners  
 C. to help the teacher in controlling other learners                      D. to make report for learners [     ]



41. Who is the head of the family?                      A. mother                      B. father                      C. elder sister                      D. uncle [     ]
42. The head of the day to day activities of the schools  
 .....
43. The totality of people's ways of life is called  
 .....
44. What is the name of the national symbol below  
 .....
45. Things that should be provided to people regardless of their backgrounds, tribe are called  
 .....

## SEHEMU A: MSAMIATI

1. Fundi ..... likuwa anajenga nyumba ya babu. A. seremala B. mwashe C. cherehani D. mitindo [ ]
2. Ugali wa mtama unahitaji ..... kizuri. A. maandalizi B. maji na kuni C. kitoweo D. sufuria [ ]
3. Ng'ombe alimkanyaga kwa ukwato wake akapata ..... makali.  
A. maumivu B. furaha C. hasira D. kicheko [ ]
4. Hatuezi kupata ..... wa tatizo hili mpaka tujue chanzo chake.  
A. finyanga B. uongo C. ndoto D. ufumbuzi [ ]
5. Neno lenye maana sawa na hela ni ..... A. pesa B. bakora C. fimbo D. mapato [ ]
6. Mbwa wetu akimwona adui ... na kumfukuza. A. hulia B. humlea C. hubweka D. husema njoo [ ]
7. .... maji ya kunywa ili yawe salama. A. Koroga B. Twanga C. Pooza D. Chemsha [ ]
8. Mtoto mwenye adabu ..... A. hulia ovyo  
B. hupendwa na watu wengi C. hupigwa na walimu D. hukimbiza mbwa [ ]
9. Mbuzi ..... ni wa kisasa. A. hivi B. vyao C. hizi D. hawa [ ]
10. Mzee Adolph ..... shamba lake jana. A. anapalilia B. atapalilia C. alipalilia D. amepalilia [ ]
11. Unaposafiri kwa gari fedha unazolipa huitwa ...A. posho B. safari C. mwendo D. nauli [ ]
12. Siku ya pili baada ya siku ya leo ni ..... A. kesho kutwa B. leo leo C. kesho D. jumamosi [ ]
13. Mtu anayetengeza vyombo vya udongo kama vile vyungu huitwa .....  
A. mfumaji B. mhunzi C. mfinyazi D. mkorogaji [ ]
14. Mti mene mrefu utumiwao kujengea dari za nyumba huitwa .....  
A. fimbo B. mgange C. boriti D. mgando [ ]
15. Neno lenye maana sawa na mtoto ni ... A. mwanadamu B. mwana C. kitoto D. kichanga [ ]
16. Paka kwa jina jingine anaitwa ..... A. chui B. mapaka C. kipaka D. nyau [ ]
17. Kitu kitolewacho kwa ajili ya kuwafaraji wafiwa huitwa .....  
A. maombolezo B. matanga C. sadaka D. rambirambi [ ]
18. Mwanafunzi mkorofi atachapwa na mwalimu. Sentensi hii ipo katika wakati gani?.....  
A. ujao B. uliopo C. uliopita D. mtimilifu [ ]
19. Jana baba hakununua kitabu ..... A. chochote B. lolote C. yeyote D. wowote [ ]
20. Mzigo ulioibiwa una ..... ya milioni sita. A. dhamani B. thamani C. samani D. zamani [ ]

## SEHEMU B: SARUFI

### Chagua herufi ya jibu sahihi

21. Sentensi hii ikiandikwa katika wingi itakuwaje?....."Amepanda miti"  
A. tulipanda miti B. tutapanda miti C. wamepanda miti D. mmepanda miti [ ]
22. Ukitembea ..... utaachwa nyuma. A. polepole B. mbuga C. gari C. pikipiki [ ]
23. Leo moto unawaka, kwesho moto ..... A. uliwaka B. umewaka C. huaka D. utawaka [ ]
24. Reli ni njia ya ..... A. malori B. meli C. treni D. ndege [ ]
25. Wanafunzi wa darasa la tano ni ..... A. msafi B. visafi C. Wasafi D. masafi [ ]
26. Ng'ombe ..... mkubwa kuliko. A. na B. ni C. ka D. la [ ]
27. Nyumba .....zilizeliwa na upepo. A. mengi B. kingi C. vingi D. nyingi [ ]
28. Kiatu cha Anna ..... A. vimechafuka B. imechafuka C. kimechafuka D. zimechafuka [ ]
29. Kibuyu ..... kimejaa maji. A. hii B. hicho C. huyo D. haya [ ]
30. Paa ni sehemu gani ya nyumba? ..... A. chini B. juu C. ndani D. nyuma [ ]

## SEHEMU C: METHALI, NAHAU, VITENDAWILI

### Chagua jibu sahihi na andika herufi ya jibu sahihi

31. "Mchuma janga hula na wakwao" maana ya methali nii ni .....  
 A. haifai mtu kuwa mchoyo B. mali ya mjinga huliwa na mwerevu  
 C. si vizuri kula mikahawani hali una kwenu D. jikisoe mwenyewe kwanza kabla hujakosoa wengine [ ]
32. Kamilisha sentensi ifuatayo; kufa ..... A. ni kufariki B. kwaja C. ni kubaya D. kufaana E. ni lazima [ ]
33. Asha hujikwatua kila siku " kujikwatua" maana yake ni nini?  
 A. kujiremaba B. kujisugua C. kujipiga D. kujipenda E. kujitakasa [ ]
34. Mambo yote yametibuka maana yake ni kwamba .....  
 A. yamepotoka B. yametoka C. yamefumuka D. yameharibika [ ]
35. .... ni kuona mengi. A. Kuishi kwingi B. Kufumbua macho C. Kunapokucha D. kuangalia [ ]
36. Kila shetani ..... kamilsha methali hiyo.  
 A. kumpongeza B. mchimbaji C. anawanga usiku D. na mbuyu wake [ ]
37. Mama ..... Kwa kosa nililofanya.  
 A. ninaomba razi B. ninaomba rathi C. nianaomba radhi D. ninaomba unikumbuke [ ]
38. Hakuna masika yasiyo na ..... A. mende B. mbu C. ncha D. viazi [ ]
39. Tegua kitendawili hiki.Mjomba hataki tuonane. A. kucha B. ulimi C. kisogo D. kiungo cha pilau [ ]
40. Nini maana ya nahau "Kumpa heko".....  
 A. kumletea B. kupiga makofi C. kumpongeza D. kumlilia [ ]

#### SEHEMU D: UFAHAMU

**Soma habari ifuatayo kisha jibu swalu la 41- 45 kwa kujaza sehemu zilizo wazi**

Siku moja dereva wa basi la shule uya msinbgi Darajani alikuwa akiendesha huku akila muwa. Mara basi likafika katika daraja, dereva hakuweza kulilenga daraja kisha basi likagonga ukuta wa daraja baada ya kugonga ukuta ukaangukia mtoni, wanafunzi wawili waliumia vibaya sana kwenye ajali hiyo na wengine kumi walipata majeraha ya kawaida lakini watatu kati yao walinusurika kabisa na majera ya ajali hiyo. Baada ya tukio polisi walimkamata dereva kwa kutokuwa makini na kutozingatia sheria za barabarani.

41. Watu wangapi walijeruhiwa katika ajali hiyo .....
42. Je ni basi la shule gani lilipata ajali? .....
43. Dereva alikuwa akifanya jambo gani .....
44. Ni majeruhi wangapi walipata majeraha ya kawaida .....
45. Kwa nini polisi walimkamata dereva? .....